## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

1. (Currently Amended) A method for detecting the presence of an individual behind a wall, comprising the steps of:

projecting a CW radar signal through a wall;

detecting portions of the CW radar signal returned by an object behind the wall; determining the phase difference between projected and returned CW radar signals;

transmitting the phase difference as a result of the definition to a remote location; and,

indicating the presence of an individual <u>at the remote location</u> when <u>a</u> the change in the detected phase difference is above a predetermined threshold, whereby individuals moving behind the wall can be detected.

- 2. (Originally Presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein the frequency of the projected signal is constant.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 2, wherein the frequency is in <u>a</u> the 900 MHz band.
- 4. (Originally Presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein the threshold is an adaptive threshold.

- 5. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 1, and further including the step of determining the location of a moving individual behind the wall from peaks in <u>a</u> the graph of phase difference versus distance.
- 6. (Currently Amended) Apparatus for the detection of a moving individual behind a wall, comprising:

a frequency source;

a power divider coupled to said frequency source for outputting as a first output a CW signal of one predetermined magnitude for forming a radar beam and for outputting as a second output a CW signal of a diminished magnitude;

a circulator coupled to said first output;

an antenna coupled to said circulator for transmitting a CW radar beam towards said wall and for detecting radar returns from objects behind said wall;

a mixer coupled to said second output and said circulator for deriving a signal representing the phase difference between transmitted and returned signals at said antenna; and,

a detector for detecting when there is a change in the phase difference between said transmitted beam and said returns, said phase difference indicating the presence of a moving object behind said wall-; and,

a transmitter for transmitting said phase difference to a remote location.

7. (Originally Presented) The apparatus of Claim 6, wherein said detector includes a processor for sampling the output of said mixer, a threshold detector for ascertaining when said

change in phase difference of the output of said mixer exceeds an adaptive threshold, and a motion indicator responsive to the output of said threshold detector for the presence of a moving object behind said wall.

- 8. (Originally Presented) The apparatus of Claim 7, wherein the frequency of said transmitted signal is constant, thus to provide a single-frequency CW radar.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 8, wherein said single frequency is in <u>a</u> the 900 MHz band.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 6, wherein said <u>detector includes a</u> threshold detector is <u>having</u> an adaptive threshold detector.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 6, wherein said detector detects a moving object behind said wall based on a change in the phase difference between the of the transmitted and returned signals.
- 12. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 11, wherein said phase difference is sensed as a change in the <u>a</u> graph of phase difference versus time.

- 13. (Originally Presented) The apparatus of Claim 6, wherein said antenna is a directional antenna having minimal back lobes to prevent any motion behind said antenna from affecting said phase difference.
- 14. (Originally Presented) The apparatus of Claim 13, wherein said antenna is a YAGI antenna.
- 15. (Originally Presented) The apparatus of Claim 13, wherein said antenna is a planar antenna having conductive elements spaced from a ground plane.
- 16. (Currently Amended) A system of determining the presence of an individual behind a wall, comprising:
- a CW radar having a directional antenna adapted to project CW radar energy through said wall, and detecting returns from objects behind said wall; and,
- a phase difference detector for detecting the phase difference between CW energy directed through said wall and energy returned from objects behind said wall, a change in phase difference indicating the presence of a moving object behind said wall-and.

a transmitter for transmitting the indicated phase difference to a remote location.

17. (Currently Amended) The system of Claim 16, wherein said CW radar operates in <u>a</u> the 900 MHz band.

- 18. (Originally Presented) The system of Claim 16, wherein said CW radar is a single-frequency radar, whereby no clutter rejection is necessary and no long integration times are required.
- 19. (Originally Presented) The system of Claim 16, wherein said directional antenna has minimal back lobes to reject motion behind said antenna so that behind-the-antenna motion is not detected.